

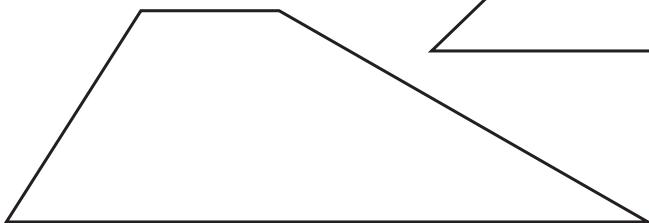
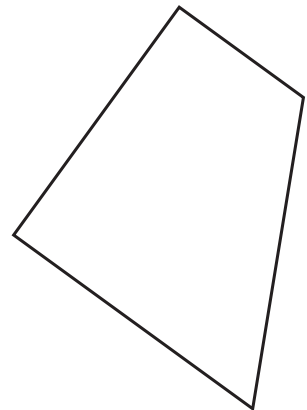
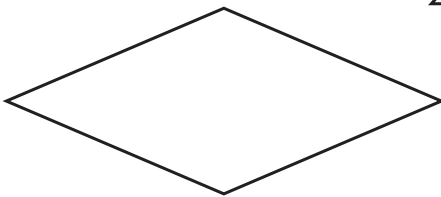
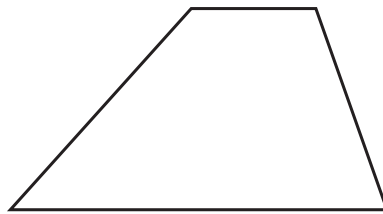
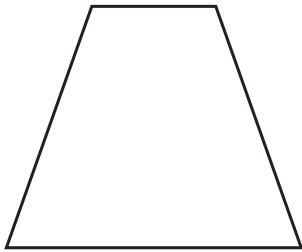
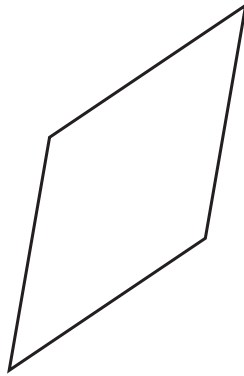
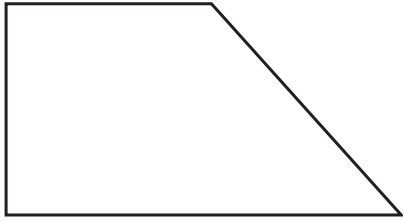
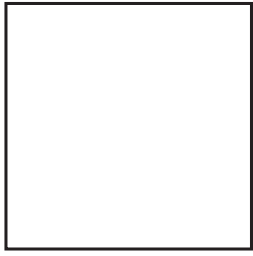
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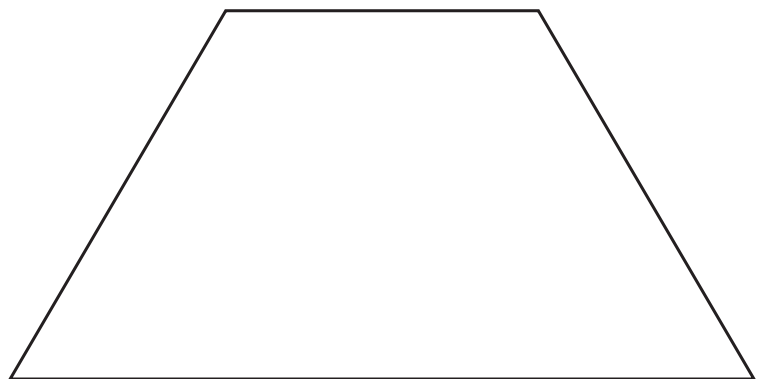
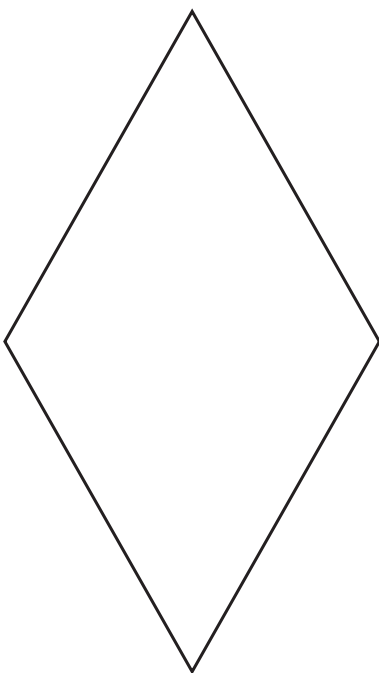
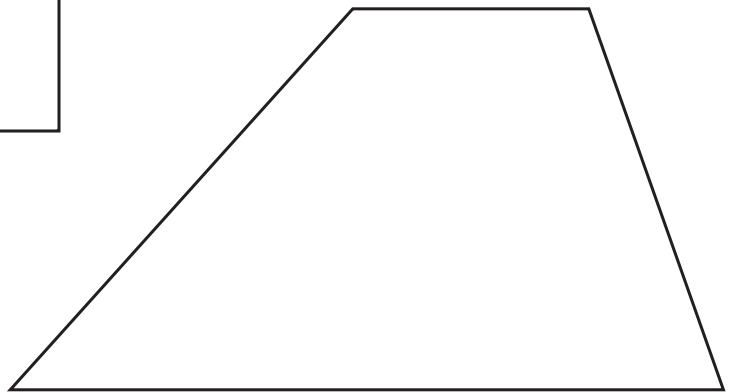
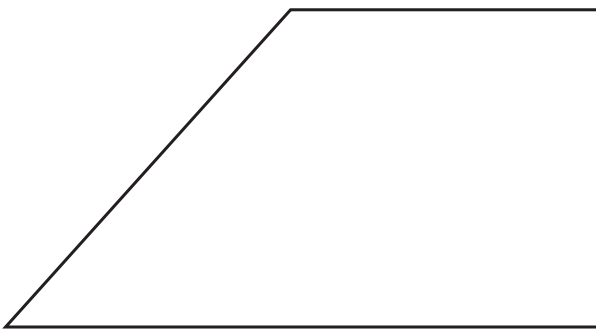
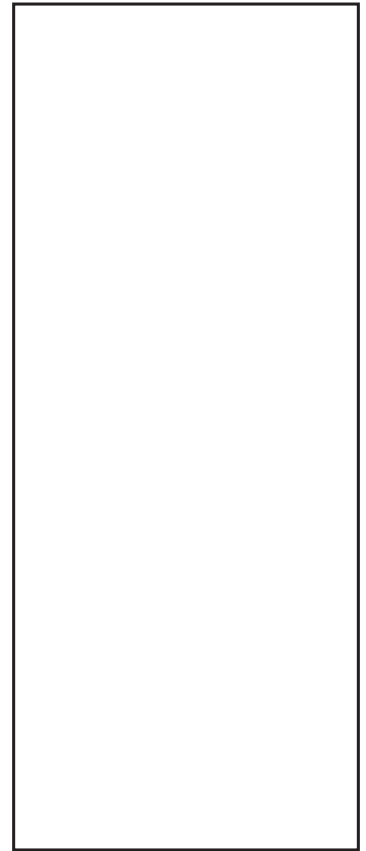
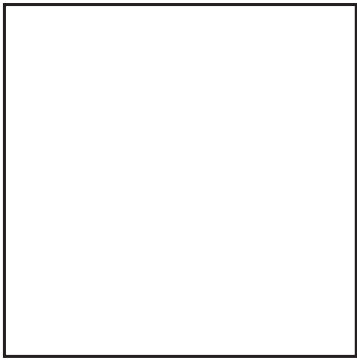
* Completa la tabella scrivendo al posto giusto il nome delle figure e segnando con una **x** le loro caratteristiche.

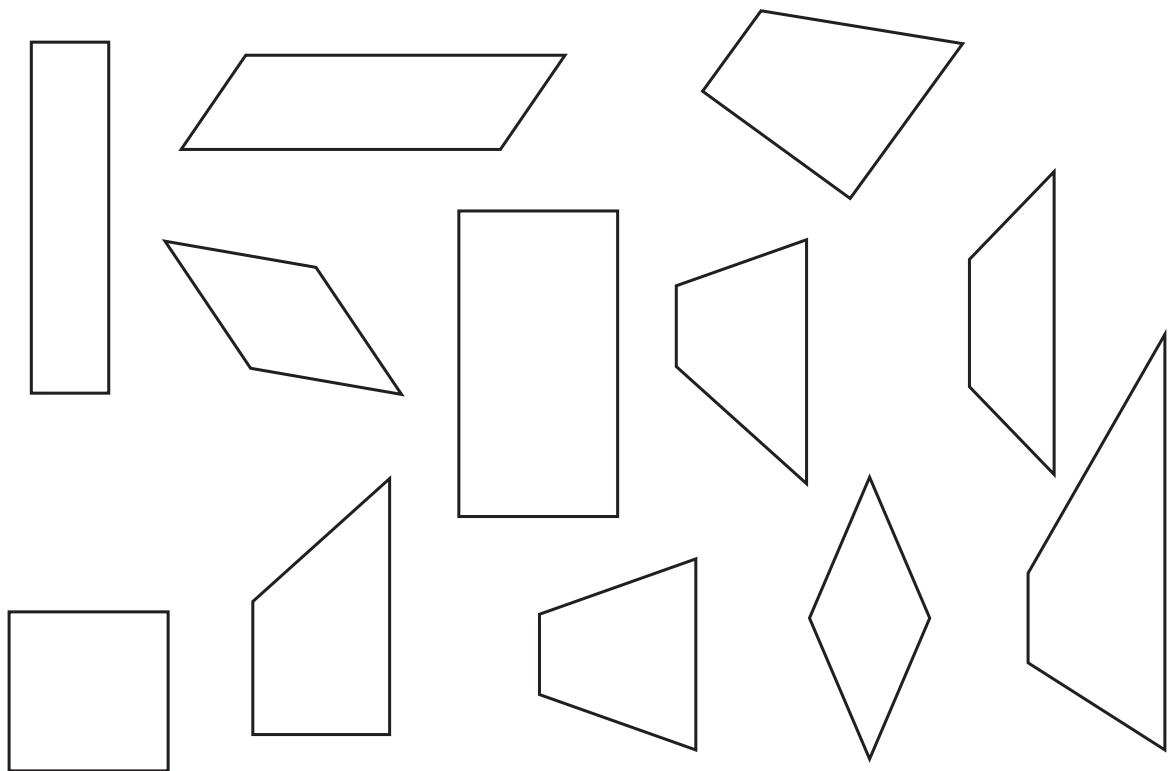
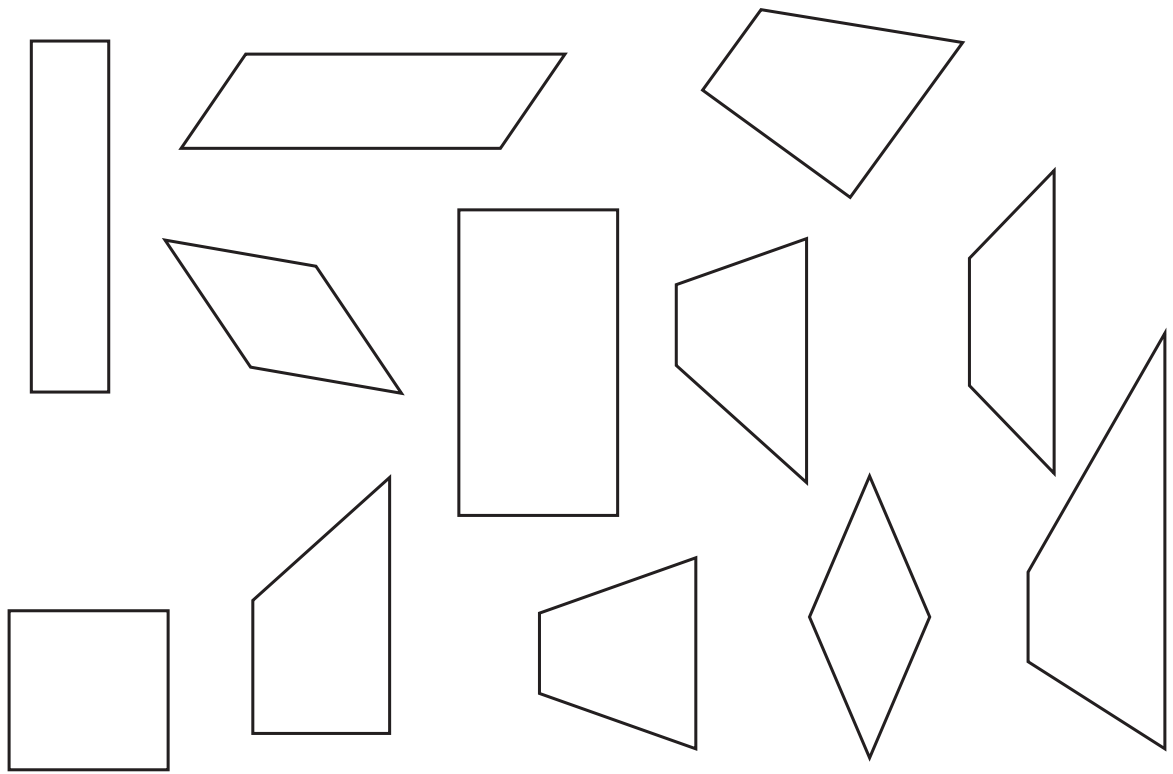
rombo • parallelogramma • quadrato • rettangolo • trapezio



• nome	rettangolo	quadrato	trapezio	parallelogramma	rombo
• ha tutti i lati uguali		x			x
• ha i lati uguali a due a due	x			x	
• ha una coppia di lati paralleli			x		
• ha due coppie di lati paralleli	x	x		x	x
• ha tutti gli angoli uguali	x	x			
• ha gli angoli opposti uguali				x	x
• ha le diagonali perpendicolari		x			x
• ha le diagonali uguali	x	x	x		







I QUADRILATERI

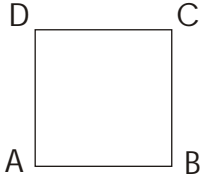
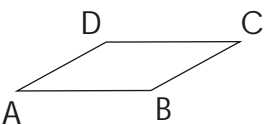
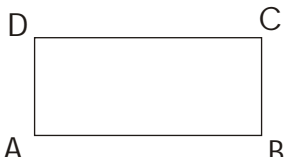
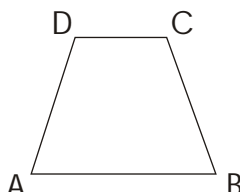
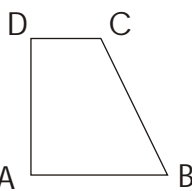
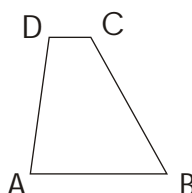
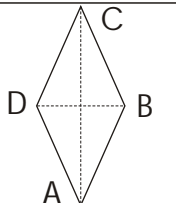
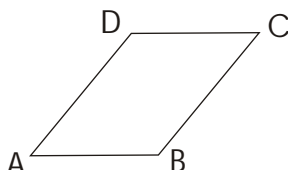
Osserva attentamente il disegno e colora in rosso i trapezi, in verde i parallelogrammi, in giallo i rettangoli, in arancione i rombi e in azzurro i quadrati.



I QUADRILATERI

Osserva attentamente il disegno e colora in rosso i trapezi, in verde i parallelogrammi, in giallo i rettangoli, in arancione i rombi e in azzurro i quadrati.



QUADRILATERO	MISURE	FORMULA DEL PERI METRO	CALCOLO DEL PERI METRO
	AB = _____ BC = _____ DC = _____ AD = _____	P = _____	
	AB = _____ BC = _____ DC = _____ AD = _____	P = _____	
	AB = _____ BC = _____ DC = _____ AD = _____	P = _____	
	AB = _____ BC = _____ DC = _____ AD = _____	P = _____	
	AB = _____ BC = _____ DC = _____ AD = _____	P = _____	
	AB = _____ BC = _____ DC = _____ AD = _____	P = _____	
	AB = _____ BC = _____ DC = _____ AD = _____	P = _____	
	AB = _____ BC = _____ DC = _____ AD = _____	P = _____	

CARTA D'IDENTITÀ DEI QUADRILATERI



	LATI	ANGOLI	DIAGONALI	FORMULA PERIMETRO
TRAPEZIO SCALENO 	ha 4 lati non uguali, due paralleli (basi)	ha 4 angoli non uguali (2 ottusi e due acuti)	ha 2 diagonali non uguali	$P = + + + $
TRAPEZIO ISOSCELE 	ha 4 lati: le basi parallele e non uguali, i lati obliqui uguali	ha 4 angoli uguali a due a due (2 ottusi e 2 acuti)	ha 2 diagonali uguali	$P = + + + $
TRAPEZIO RETTANGOLO 	ha 4 lati non uguali: uno è perpendicolare alle basi e coincide con l'altezza, due sono paralleli (basi)	ha 4 angoli: 2 uguali e retti, uno acuto e uno ottuso	ha 2 diagonali non uguali	$P = + + + $
ROMBOIDE 	Ha 4 lati: quelli opposti paralleli e uguali a due a due	ha 4 angoli uguali a due a due: 2 ottusi e 2 acuti (quelli opposti)	ha 2 diagonali non uguali che incontrandosi si tagliano a metà	$P = + + + $
RETTANGOLO 	Ha 4 lati: quelli opposti paralleli e uguali a due a due, quelli consecutivi perpendicolari e coincidenti con l'altezza	ha 4 angoli uguali tutti retti	ha 2 diagonali uguali che incontrandosi si tagliano a metà	$P = + + + $
ROMBO 	Ha 4 lati uguali quelli opposti paralleli	ha 4 angoli uguali a due a due: 2 ottusi e 2 acuti (quelli opposti)	ha 2 diagonali non uguali che incontrandosi si tagliano a metà	$P = \times 4$
QUADRATO 	Ha 4 lati uguali, quelli opposti paralleli, quelli consecutivi perpendicolari	ha 4 angoli uguali tutti retti	ha 2 diagonali uguali che incontrandosi si tagliano a metà	$P = \times 4$